

Overview

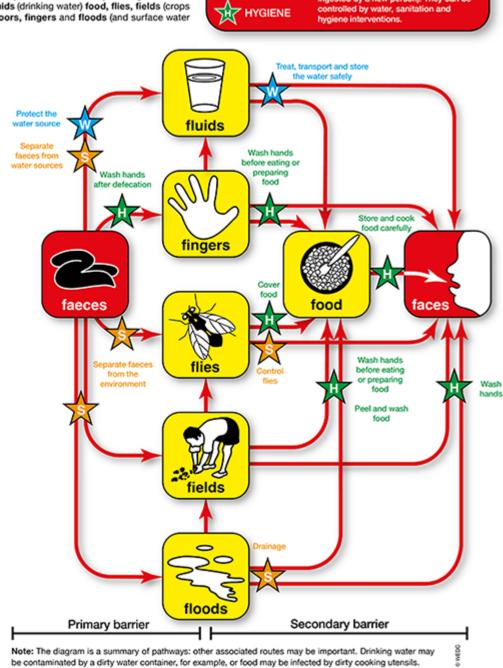
Hygiene promotion is a term used to cover a range of strategies aimed to improve people's hygiene behaviour and prevent the spread of disease. Hygiene promotion enables people to take action to prevent water, sanitation and hygiene-related diseases by mobilizing and engaging the population, their knowledge, and resources.

The focus of hygiene promotion is determined based on the health risks. By creating a series of barriers to infection, hygiene behaviour has a critical influence on the transmission of water- and sanitation-related diseases as shown in the 'f' diagram[1] below:

The 'F' Diagram

The movement of pathogens from the faeces of a sick person to where they are ingested by somebody else can take many pathways, some direct and some indirect. This diagram illustrates the main pathways. They are easily memorized as they all begin with the letter 'f': fluids (drinking water) food, flies, fields (crops and soil), floors, fingers and floods (and surface water generally).

riers can stop the transmission of se; these can be primary reventing the initial contact with the eces) or secondary (preventing it being gested by a new person). They can be SANITATION olled by water, sanitation and hygiene interventions.



WATER

HYGIENE

Source: McMahon, Glenda; Davey, Kay; Shaw, Rod (2020): P004 The F Diagram. Loughborough University. Poster. https://doi.org/10.17028/rd.lboro.12738692.v1

What do to and how to do it

Understand the community

- 1. Familiarize yourself with the ways in which people collect water, store food and water, dispose of rubbish, wash themselves and use latrines.
 - Identify key places where hygiene is important not only on an individual, but also on a communal level, such as markets, schools, restaurants or churches. Find out if you can work with them to promote good hygiene practices.
 - You might hold a hygiene session for students or teachers or help the market sellers to build a handwashing station and outside latrine for users.
- 2. Have a conversation with members of your community about hygiene.
 - Include women, community leaders, caregivers and decision-makers.
 - Make sure they understand that good hygiene is important and can stop the spread of disease.
- 3. Be a role model for others in your community. Use a clean latrine, dispose of your rubbish, wash your hands often.

Promote community hygiene messages

Normally the key issues to address include the following. Click on the corresponding action cards to obtain the information you need:

- Food hygiene
- Clean and safe household water
- Personal and hand hygiene
- Environmental sanitation
- The control of flies, mosquitoes and other disease vectors

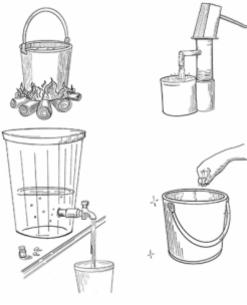
[1] Shaw, R. 2013. *The 'f' diagram - Landscape*. WEDC Graphics: Disease. Water, Engineering and Development Centre (WEDC): Loughborough University, UK.

Community messages





04. Storing water properly

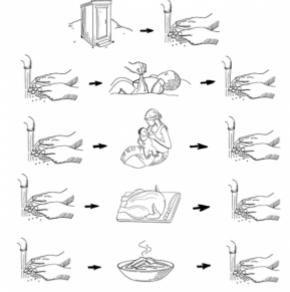


05. Using clean safe drinking water



06. Using a clean latrine

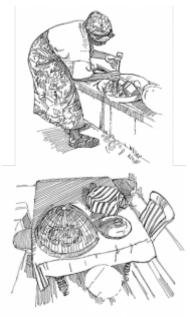




09. When to wash hands



11. Cleaning up places where mosquitoes breed



12. Good food hygiene



13. Good personal hygiene



20. Collecting and disposing of rubbish